

THE WORK BEGUN.

The National Executive Committee Meet.

PREPARING FOR THE CONTEST.

William C. Owen, of Kentucky, Selected for Chairman of the Temporary Organization—The Cleveland Managers Decide That W. C. Wilson, of West Virginia, Shall Be Permanent Chairman. Other Affairs Around the Great Chicago Wigwam.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The national Democratic committee met at the Palmer House at a quarter before 12 and adjourned a little before 3 o'clock, being in continuous session for more than two and one-half hours. Mr. Calvin Brice acted as chairman.

The first business taken up by the committee was the admission of new members in the places of those who had died or resigned since the last meeting of the committee. Martin McGinnis was elected to represent Montana, vice C. A. Broadwater, deceased; and Basil S. Gordon to represent Virginia, vice Senator John M. Barbour, deceased. A. M. Delaney was elected to represent Alaska. Chairman Brice made a detailed report of the work done by the sub-committee of seven, having in charge arrangements for the national convention. This report met with the approval of the committee and was unanimously adopted.

The next business taken up was the selection of a chairman to be recommended to the national convention for its approval. Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, nominated the Hon. William C. Owen, of Kentucky, to that position. The nomination of Mr. Owen was seconded in a highly enlogistic speech of Emory Waters, of Kentucky. He was followed in speeches in favor of Mr. Owen by H. M. Clayton, of Alabama, and C. A. Thomas, of Colorado.

Hon. William L. Wilson, of West Virginia, was placed in nomination by O. T. Holt, of Texas, and Mr. Wilson's nomination was seconded by Hiram Adkins, of Vermont; W. F. Harrity, of Pennsylvania; Michael Doran, of Minnesota, and B. C. Wall, of Wisconsin. The vote resulted as follows: Owen, 28; Wilson, 20.

M. F. Tarpey, of California, made a motion that the election of Mr. Owen be made unanimous. Objections raised by Mr. Holt, of Texas, who gave notice to the committee that he would make a minority report to the convention and contest on the floor of the convention the election of Mr. Owen as a temporary chairman.

On motion of Mr. Dickson, of the District of Columbia, the territories of Alaska and Oklahoma were admitted to representation in the convention.

Mr. Field, of New Mexico, offered the following resolution:

RESOLVED, That while this committee disclaims the right to dictate to the convention what course it shall take in reference to the claims of Arizona and New Mexico for additional representation, it recommends that the claims of Arizona and New Mexico be recognized by the convention, with representation equal to the representation of the smallest state.

The resolution was adopted.

S. P. Sheerin, of Indiana, was elected temporary secretary of the convention; Richard J. Bright, of Indiana, was elected sergeant-at-arms; L. B. Dickson, of New York, was elected official stenographer of the convention.

The committee adjourned to meet at the Palmer House at 10 o'clock this evening.

But Three Names Will Be Presented.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The mystery which surrounded the program for the nomination of the candidates before the convention has been cleared up in part. Leon Abbott, of New Jersey, is expected to present the name of Grover Cleveland; Indiana will second the nomination by Senator Voorhees; Patrick Collins, of Massachusetts, may make some remarks endorsing the nomination.

Mr. Collins declined to make the nominating speech, on the ground that Massachusetts had never cast her electoral vote for the Democratic party and that Mr. Cleveland was a resident of New Jersey now.

William C. DeWitt, of Brooklyn, will present the name of David B. Hill. It will be the third name presented.

The first presentation will be of Horace Boies, of Iowa, through Hon. J. F. Duncombe, of Fort Dodge. From present indications only three names will be presented to the convention.

HILL'S CHANCES.

Not a Bit Discouraged and Confident of Victory.

CHICAGO, June 21.—With a tenacity that was remarkable the Hill delegates remained faithful to their leader last night, and in the face of admissions by delegates and Tammany men who were not delegates that they were beaten, went right ahead with their missionary work. Congressman Fellows missed his evening meal in order to have some confidential conferences. Lieutenant Governor Sheehan still clings to Missouri, but it is evident that the only hope left to Tammany is to gain Illinois and Kansas and the major part of the work is being done there.

When Chairman Murphy was confronted with Mr. Whitney's statement last night that he would forfeit anything that could be named if Mr. Cleveland was not nominated on the first ballot, he said: "Whitney is a false and bad prophet. We are not issuing statements but we are doing good work that will show for itself."

But Mr. Murphy's courage did not extend to his followers. Senator Ahearn, of New York, member of Tammany, said: "What's the use of talking? We have fought hard and we are beaten and

we might as well admit. The up-state New Yorkers were almost all of the opinion that they were out of the race and there were many suggestions of withdrawal and hopes that Mr. Hill's friends would make Mr. Cleveland's nomination unanimous.

General J. S. Farnsworth, Senator Hill's personal representative, arrived from Washington in the afternoon and brought some personal letters to the leaders. General Farnsworth refused to talk about his errand and said he had simply come to see the convention. When Mr. Murphy was asked if General Farnsworth had brought letters of withdrawal, he said: "Governor Hill be damned if he only has New York's vote, and I have every reason to believe he will have more."

Secretary of State Rice, of New York, was heard to say to Dr. David Kennedy, of New York, at the door of the committee room: "Well, Doctor, we are beaten."

Despite all this the Hill men are working for votes.

A delegation was sent out at 9 o'clock to see if a few more delegates could not be had. In the Illinois case, however, failure evidently met the delegates despite Mr. Fellows' oratorical efforts, for it was admitted late last night that Illinois would not afford much help, in fact would rather help Cleveland than the Hill side.

At 3 o'clock this statement was issued from the headquarters of the New York Hill delegation:

In reply to inquiries addressed to us by delegates from states instructed to vote for Mr. Grover Cleveland, of New York, the delegates of New York, with a deep sense of responsibility to the Democracy of the United States, are constrained to make answer that in our best judgment Mr. Cleveland's nomination would imperil the success of the party and would expose it to the loss of the electoral vote of the state.

EDWARD MURPHY, JR., Chairman, CHARLES H. DEFREEST, Secretary.

Mr. Defreest said: "This was adopted by the delegation without a dissenting vote. It was in fact indorsed by every delegate."

The temporary excitement which was evident in the Hill headquarters when the Gorman break was announced disappeared in a very brief time and the leaders were talking of victory again. For the first time Mr. Croker had something to say. He and Mr. Murphy at 3 o'clock started out to get their dinner and a United Press reporter caught them in the hotel corridor.

"Is it true that New York, while still remaining true to Mr. Hill, is in the position of conceding Mr. Cleveland's nomination?" was asked.

"Not at all," said the Tammany leader. "Mr. Cleveland can not secure enough votes to nominate him on the first ballot and after the first ballot he will lose. Mr. Hill is in the race to stay and a steady gain is noted. We have a great many solid delegations that will come over in the second ballot."

Asked if he would give his estimate as to the vote, he said that figures were treacherous things, "but," he added, "Mr. Cleveland can not exceed 500 votes on the first ballot, and that will exhaust his strength."

Further than this, he refused to talk. Later it was learned that Lieutenant Governor Sheehan had made the statement to the New York delegates in secret session that Missouri had secretly agreed to vote as a body for Morrison, and that they had sent him an assurance that they would do so. He was also assured that if they did, Kansas would follow them, and this would take fifty-four votes from Mr. Cleveland's strength. It was on this statement of Mr. Sheehan that the New York delegation kept up its faith in Mr. Hill's chances.

ILLINOIS DECIDED.

The Delegates Will Cast a Solid Vote for Cleveland.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The delegates from Illinois will cast its forty-eight votes as a unit on the first ballot for Cleveland. In the opinion of the leaders of the ex-president's candidacy, as expressed both before and after the caucus of the delegation, this action finally settles the question of his nomination.

The scenes in the Sherman House last night during the session of the Illinois delegation were a vivid reminder of those which were enacted at the Lindell in St. Louis four years ago when the New York delegation was called upon to decide between Thurman and Gray as the vice presidential candidate. Through the long corridors on the second floor, down the stairway into the lobby, and thence out into the street, the people were packed in a solid mass. There were representatives of a score of delegations, Cleveland men, Hill men and Gorman men, all waiting with the most intense interest the outcome of the caucus.

Lieutenant Governor Sheehan, of New York, sent in a request that his delegation might be heard and a reply was returned that an audience would be given them in a short time. Then the fight inside began in earnest. The anti-Clevelandites with a view to testing the relative strength of the two factions, submitted a motion that no action on the question of preference be taken until morning. The previous question was ordered, and like a flash the resolution was defeated by a vote of 24 to 10.

Determined to follow up their advantage, the Clevelandite, through James H. Eckels, of Ottawa, who was stenographer to Daniel Lamont when the latter was private secretary to Grover Cleveland, at Albany, submitted a resolution endorsing the ex-president and instructing the delegation from Illinois to vote for him on the first ballot as a unit.

The last name had barely voted on the resolution when the sergeant-at-arms poked his head out of the door and announced to the waiting crowd, "37 for Cleveland, 11 against."

A cheer went up from those in the immediate neighborhood, and like a flash the message went through the crowded corridor and lobby and down to the street. "Cleveland gets the dele-

gation," and the hundreds that had been anxiously awaiting the news scattered to spread it far and wide.

In the meantime the Sheehan delegation, disgusted with its long wait, had left the scene, the lieutenant governor going to his hotel, while his colleagues went upstairs to pay a friendly visit to Senator Palmer. The sergeant-at-arms once more poked his head out of the door and called for Sheehan, but there was no response, and so it was decided that Congressman Bacon should be given the courtesy of a hearing.

Although somewhat chagrined that the vote should have been taken first and his views sought afterward, Congressman Baker made a vigorous speech, but which was in the main a repetition of the Cleveland argument.

The speech was listened to attentively, but when Mr. Bacon concluded it was voted to proceed to the selection of committeemen.

INDIANA DELEGATES.

They Will Support Cleveland, and Want Gray for Vice President.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The ticket will be Cleveland and Gray. This is what the Indiana delegation believe and expect after their action of yesterday evening. Pursuant to adjournment from Saturday the delegates met at 4 o'clock to determine definitely whether or not the name of Governor Gray should be presented to the convention as a candidate for the presidential nomination.

When the meeting was called to order ex-Congressman Lamb, one of the leading Gray men,

addressed the delegates. He said that he and those who believed with him had come to Chicago expecting under the instructions given them, to present the name of Gray to the convention as a candidate for the presidential nomination, and he believed that all the delegates of the state would join them. But the minority had persistently refused to enroll themselves as supporters of Gray, and the majority, seeing this, and recognizing further that a majority of the delegates to the convention desired the nomination of Cleveland, for the purpose of securing harmony and unity in the Democratic party in Indiana he and his friends, a majority of the delegation, had decided to yield their convictions to those of the minority. He therefore moved that the chairman of the delegation be instructed to cast the thirty votes of Indiana as a unit for Grover Cleveland.

Without any discussion the motion was adopted by a unanimous vote.

Senator Voorhees, was then authorized, on behalf of Indiana, to second the nomination of Cleveland, and the meeting adjourned after a very brief session.

Speaking of it afterwards Mr. Lamb said that no assurance had been received from the Cleveland managers that the ticket would be accepted by them, but the ex-congressman spoke in thoroughly confident manner of the outcome.

CLEVELAND CONFERENCE.

A Claim That the First Ballot Will Settle the Contest.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The Cleveland managers held a "round up" last night at the rooms of W. G. Whitney. There were present the full committee of forty, who have been in charge of the campaign, and the vote for the ex-president was gone over for the last time, said Mr. Whitney. Without the vote of Maryland, the table footed up over 600, enough to nominate Mr. Cleveland on the first ballot.

The statement was made that Maryland would cast its vote for Cleveland. Mr. Gorman having said that this would be done. But in the absence of the official assurance on this score, the votes were not included in the table. Of course those were not counted from Iowa, but the opinion was expressed that before the ballot was taken Governor Boies would release his delegates from the pledge to support him and that Hawkeye votes would go to swell the total for Cleveland. One of the gentlemen present at the hotel said: "It has turned into a rmt. They won't be enough of the other fellows to make it interesting."

In view of the fact that the Cleveland vote will so largely predominate in the convention it was decided not to contest the election of W. D. Owens, of Kentucky, temporary chairman, but it was further decided to make W. C. Wilson, the famous West Virginia tariff reform congressman, permanent chairman. With this understanding, at 11:30 the conference adjourned.

Ohio Delegates Organize.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The Ohio delegation organized last night as follows: Calvin S. Brice, chairman and also national committeeman; Albert Zugs-wort, member of credentials committee; L. T. Neal, resolutions; Charles K. Haskel, permanent organization; Robert Blee, notification. The delegation in case an opposition candidate is presented, will vote 18 for Cleveland and 38 for the opposition.

Permanent Chairman.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The Cleveland managers late last night decided that W. C. Wilson, of West Virginia, should be permanent chairman of the convention.

Big Malt Elevator Burned.

LOUISVILLE, June 21.—The elevator of the Kentucky Malting company was destroyed by fire Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. The elevator occupied half a square, and contained 165,000 bushels of malt. The loss was \$130,000, upon which there was an insurance of \$95,000. The entire fire department was called out, and the main part of the plant was saved, it being detached from the elevator. The friction of the machinery is supposed to have started the flames. A number of workmen were in the building, and they had difficulty in escaping. The entire plant was valued at \$300,000, and several times it seemed that the whole would be destroyed.

COOLING THE CAPITOL.

Statesmanship Must Not Flow Away in Perspiration.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—It is acknowledged that Washington is one of the most beautiful cities in the whole world. Its wide thoroughfares, lined with handsome residences, and the white marble of the government buildings, justify claim for it the title of "Paris of America." But Washington is not only beautiful. It lies in a climate never too cold in winter, and very seldom too warm in summer. The clerks in government employ are always cool looking, and not without reason for the buildings are the coolest of any of the structures in the same latitude. The Capitol especially, possesses this great comfort and the cool zephyrs that softly creep through the legislative halls and corridors blow the perspiration from off the heated brow of Tom Reed, and keep Jerry Simpson's feet one degree cooler than they would naturally be if he wore socks. This is brought about by eighteen fans, which are constantly revolving in the basement below the house and senate floors. The thickness of the walls also has a great deal to do with keeping the Capitol at a low temperature in the summer and at a moderately high temperature in winter. The men who are responsible for this cold air are Chief Engineer William Loman and his assistant, Mr. H. W. Taylor. Both are very affable gentlemen and will show strangers all the sights in the region under the legislative halls. Mr. Taylor has been working in the Capitol for about eleven years and can tell many interesting stories. The manner in which the air is forced into the halls and corridors can best be told in his own words. He said:

"About fifteen years ago a commission was appointed by the two houses for the purpose of making actual tests on this subject in order that the house and senate might be supplied with pure cold air. After a good deal of trouble the committee succeeded in locating a tower in the grounds as far from the street as possible to avoid the dust constantly arising. The tower was built. It was found that at thirty feet from the earth the air was free from dust and smoke, and that the greater distance the air went below the surface a lower temperature was attained in summer and a higher one in winter. The tower is situated about 600 feet from the Capitol and has been made an ornamental feature of the grounds. As the air comes through a passageway connected with the tower it is whirled round and round by the fans and finally sent through a coil of pipes nearly seven miles long. These pipes are so arranged that the temperature can be raised in winter and lowered in summer. In consequence a uniform temperature can be maintained at all times. The air is moistened after passing through the coils by evaporation. The speed of the engines which run the fans are changed to correspond with the number of people in the hall. When the hall is crowded the speed is increased so as to keep up the supply of pure, cold air to sixty feet per minute. The air is forced into the hall through a large register in the floor, and through smaller registers into the corridors and committee rooms. Vitiated air is removed by means of another fan, which has a capacity of sixty-three feet per minute, just a little less than the amount of air forced in. Yes, sir, it is pretty warm down here, but to be cool some one must be kept warm, and we are the ones who make the Capitol such a delightful place the whole year around."

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Nothing Done by the Upper Branch of Congress.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The senate passed an uninteresting day that was enlivened only by a short colloquy just before adjournment between Messrs. Chandler and Gallinger, of New Hampshire, concerning the influence of railroad corporations in New Hampshire on legislation and political elections in that state. Mr. Chandler contending that both the Republicans and Democratic parties in New Hampshire had felt the power of the railroads, while Mr. Gallinger took the contrary ground.

This little breeze was caused by a speech delivered by Senator Call, of Florida, in which he paid his respects to the Florida railroads who had worked against his re-election to the senate. These remarks were endorsed by Mr. Chandler, and to what he said Mr. Gallinger took exception. Beyond Mr. Call's speech nothing of interest took place during the day except the passage of the bill making Oct. 21, 1892, a national holiday, commemorative of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. The senate adjourned until Wednesday.

A Legal Problem.

VALPARAISO, Ind., 21.—Allen Barnard, a boy, of Chicago, hired a horse and buggy last Thursday from a livery man at Holart, Lake county, to go to Wheeler and Valparaiso, and stopped for the night at Wanatah, Laporte county. Wanatah officers arrested him on suspicion. Sheriff Sego, of Porter county, went to Wanatah and brought Barnard here Friday evening. Since then there has been a squabble over what county should try Barnard. It is a question of where he may be tried, as he committed the crime in one county, was arrested in another and jailed in a third.

Double Tragedy at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, June 21.—At 1:40 o'clock Monday afternoon, Emil West, aged forty, entered the store of Miss Hattie Buttriss at 223 Beaver avenue, Allegheny, and shot the girl dead. He turned the revolver upon himself and fired, the bullet crashing through his head killing instantly. Both parties were hair dressers and had been lovers, it is said living together in Altoona, Pa. No particulars as to cause of tragedy are known at this hour.

HE KNOWS IT NOW.

President Harrison Notified of His Nomination.

TWO BRIEF ADDRESSES MADE.

Chairman McKinley Officially Notifies the President of His Nomination to Which the President Briefly Replies. A General Handshaking Follows and All is Over—Mr. Reid to Be Next Notified.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The committee to notify President Harrison of his renomination by the Minneapolis convention, waited upon the president Monday. Chairman McKinley, in a brief address, conveyed the official information to the president, and highly complimented him in the course of his remarks.

Governor McKinley said: "We need hardly assure you of the pleasure it gives us to convey this message from the Republicans of the country to their chosen leader. Your nomination was but the registering by the convention of the will of the majority of the Republicans of the United States, and has been received in every quarter with profound satisfaction."

After one of the most careful, successful and brilliant administrations in our history, you receive a nomination, furnishing an approval of your work which must bring to you the keenest satisfaction. The difficult and embarrassing questions which confronted your administration have been met with an ability, with a fidelity to duty, and with a lofty patriotism which fill the American hearts with glowing pride. Your domestic policy has been wise, broad and statesmanlike, your foreign policy firm, just and truly American. These have won the commendation of the thoughtful and conservative and the confidence of your countrymen, irrespective of party, and will, we believe, insure your triumphant election in November.

In conclusion, we desire to extend to you our personal congratulations and to express our gratification at the rare honor paid you by a renomination, with a firm faith that the destinies of this great people will be confided to your care and keeping for another four years.

The president bowed slightly and in a very clear and natural tone read his reply:

Governor McKinley and Gentlemen of the Committee: When four years ago, on the anniversary of the declaration of our national independence, a committee designated by the Republican national convention, held in Chicago, came to my home in Indianapolis to notify me of my nomination for the presidency, my sense of gratitude, great as it was, was forested into the background by an overwhelming sense of the responsibility of leadership in a civil contest that involved so much to my country and to my fellow citizens. I could not hope that much would be found when the record of a quiet life had been brought under the strong light of public criticism, to enthrone my party followers or upon which an assurance of adequacy for the highest civil affairs might be tested.

No one so much as I realized that a strong campaign must be found in Republican principles, and my hope was that nothing in word or life of mine might weaken the appeal of our American policies to the American heart. The appeal did not fail. A Republican president and vice president and a Republican congress were chosen. The record has been made and we are now to submit it to the judgment of a patriotic people. Of my own relation to the great transactions in legislation and in administration, which must be the basis of this judgment, it does not become me to speak.

I gratefully accept, sir, the assurance given by Republican state conventions and by the national convention, through you, that no charge of inadequacy or delinquency to principle has been lodged against the administration.

The faithful and highly successful work done by the able heads of the executive departments and by our representatives abroad I desire most cordially to acknowledge and commend. The work of the Fifty-first congress in which you, sir, bore so conspicuous a part, will strongly and most beneficially influence the national prosperity for generations to come.

After referring to the good effects of the McKinley bill the president closed by saying that he would accept the nomination and would before long write a formal letter declaring his reasons for adhering to the platform adopted by the convention.

A general handshaking and luncheon followed.

The committee will visit Mr. Reid at Ophi farm near New York today and notify him of his nomination as vice president.

HIS SAD DUTY.

James G. Blaine Arrives in Chicago and Takes Charge of His Son's Remains.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Promptly at 3 o'clock the North Shore limited train, carrying the Blaine family, arrived at the Michigan Southern depot. A moment later James G. Blaine stepped out on the platform and alighted. He was followed by Mrs. Blaine and daughter, Harriet. Though travel-stained, fatigued by the long journey and bowed down with grief, the statesman's step appeared firm and elastic. As he advanced to those who were awaiting his arrival he gave one the impression of being a man who had determinedly arisen superior to his sorrow.

The grief-stricken family were met at the depot by Cyrus H. McCormick Jr., and James G. Blaine Jr. They were at once driven to the McCormick residence where for a short time, father, mother, brother and sister were left alone. An hour after arriving, Mr. and Mrs. Blaine retired to seek needed rest. The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

No Truth in Either Report.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Dr. Chauncey M. Depew was shown the dispatch from Paris saying that Minister Lincoln would be appointed secretary of state in the United States to succeed Mr. Blaine and that Dr. Depew would take Mr. Lincoln's place. "You can say," said Mr. Depew to the United Press reporter, "that there is no truth in either report."

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TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1892.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Election, November, 1892.

For Circuit Clerk,
ISAAC WOODWARD.
For Sheriff,
J. C. JEFFERSON.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Generally fair weather, except local showers.

It's the politicians against the people at Chicago this week, and it looks like the people's favorite, honest Grover Cleveland, will win.

CARNEGIE, in defending the McKinley bill, says that "it possesses free trade features to a greater extent than protective ones." This is a new way to defend a high tariff, but Mr. Carnegie won't talk that way in this country.

COLONEL WATTEKSON, according to his own statement, is figuring as a peace-maker at Chicago. The latest reports from "the seat of war" indicate that he is apt to meet with the usual fate of parties who assume that role.

ONE of the best cartoons we have seen lately is a correct portrayal of the political situation. It represents the Republican party grasping at reciprocity to keep from being overwhelmed by the opposition. But that won't save it this time.

SENATOR HALE regards the reciprocity clause of the McKinley bill as "the part of the measure that has floated the whole act, and which kept it from being swamped." But the author of the reciprocity features of the bill, Mr. Blaine, has been retired from the political arena.

SOME of the big New York papers are running the interview business into the ground. One of them has been talking to Whitelaw Reid's little son, and here is the published report:

"You are fond of reading, are you not, Ozden?" the reporter queried.
"Yes, sir; of good books I am."
"Are you glad to go back to Ophir Farm after being so long abroad?"
"Yes, indeed, sir."
"You like America better than France, then?"
"Yes, sir; I like America better than any country."

It is an actual fact that G. O. P. journals are copying this stuff. Their National Committee will be issuing it as a campaign circular next. They are hard up this year.

A DISPATCH from North Dakota says that the result at Minneapolis is a disappointment. "Blaine could have swept the State," it is said, "but it is doubtful if the Republicans can now hold it." "The full effect of the rejection of the author of reciprocity, which is believed to mitigate somewhat the injury of a high tariff, will only be perceived as the canvass progresses," remarks the New York World. "The nomination of Blaine might and probably would have stayed the revolt in the Northwest against McKinleyism. The nomination of a bigoted adherent of the monopolists' tariff will render Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Kansas, Nebraska and North Dakota fairly debatable, and some of them hopefully so. This campaign is not yet fully begun, and it is to be five months long."

POTATO PROTECTION.

John Shrimp sold a thousand bushels of potatoes Saturday last for 30 cents a bushel and hauled them seven miles to market; and now, like many other farmers, would like to find out how the 25 cents a bushel tariff on potatoes benefits the American farmer.—Salem (N. J.) Sunbeam.

The 25 cents a bushel tariff on potatoes was not intended to help John Shrimp, but to fool him into a belief that he is "protected."

When the potatoes in this country rot and are scarce, the price of imported potatoes is increased to the extent of the duty. The farmer has to pay the extra 25 cents a bushel on what he needs to eat and for seed.

When the potatoes don't rot the crop is always in excess of demands, and it doesn't pay to import potatoes.

John Shrimp is "protected" in the same potato fashion on his apple crop, 25 cents a bushel; on his hay, \$4 a ton; on his

beans, 40 cents a bushel; on his wheat, 25 cents a bushel; on his straw, 30 per cent. ad valorem. There is nothing too good for John in the way of farcical potato "protection" on the things of which John and the country have a surplus. It is on the things he hasn't got that effective, marrow-searching "protection" is placed—on his salt, his sugar, his lumber, his clothing, his tools, his medicines, his fuel—on nearly everything he has to buy. But the other fellows, who refine the salt and sugar, and saw the lumber and make the cloth and tools, get the swag; John pays. He has the misfortune to be engaged in a productive industry which cannot be "protected," and he has to help pay the other fellows engaged in unproductive or unprofitable industries which cannot stand alone.—Philadelphia Record.

AGAINST WHITE LAW REID.

New York Printers Repudiate the Indorsement of the Minneapolis Committee.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Wild disorder marked the meeting of Typographical Union, No. 6, to-day, called to consider the action of the Union committee of printers which at Minneapolis indorsed the candidacy of Editor Whitelaw Reid, of the Tribune, for Vice President of the United States.

The committeemen, against overwhelming odds, stood their ground, and declared that what they had done was for the best interests of the Union, and that they did not regret it. They had accomplished what the Union had been striving for years, and had made the Tribune composing-room a Union office. As long-trying, upright Union printers, they said they were proud of their work, and thought in the end all the loyal members of the craft would commend their course.

The meeting was declared adjourned by the Chairman with a verbal report made by the Chairman of the Minneapolis committee. The printers then took possession of the hall, and started a mass meeting. They finally passed resolutions repudiating the committee's indorsement of Mr. Reid. An attempt was also made to pass a set of resolutions attacking the committeemen, but the Chair refused to entertain them.

Sheep and Wool Statistics.

It has been estimated that it requires over 600,000,000 pounds of wool per annum to supply the people of the United States. Out of this less than half that amount is produced here. Capital invested in barns and equipments, \$408,291,200; capital invested in sheep, \$128,052,706; total capital, \$532,342,906. Number of flocks and flockmasters in the United States, 1,020,900; number of men employed by flockmasters, 105,000; total number of men in wool industry and flock owners in each year, 1,125,900. Total number of pounds annually, 300,000,000; value, at an average of 25 cents per pound, \$75,000,000; value of sheep sold annually for pelts and food, \$20,000,000; total, \$95,000,000. Amount paid in wages to 100,000 hands at \$20 per month, \$24,000,000; allowance to flockmasters for value of service, \$50,000,000; cost of tagging and shearing at 10 cents per head, \$5,000,000; total cost of labor, \$79,000,000; net profits, \$16,000,000.

Some Insurance Statistics.

The Kentucky Insurance Report for 1892 shows that the fire losses paid in Maysville amounted to \$20,502. The companies doing business in this city received \$35,406 in premiums. Of this \$35,606 premiums about \$5,000 went to the agents as commissions and about \$1,000 to the city as license.

At Winchester the losses amounted to \$69,119, while the premiums were only \$28,028. At Paris the premiums were \$27,680 and the losses \$26,265. At Mt. Sterling the premiums amounted to \$38,914, while the losses were nearly double that sum—amounting to \$58,936.

The companies fared a good deal better at Lexington, the receipts being \$125,302, and the losses \$68,494.

Notwithstanding the many big fires at Louisville the companies came out ahead there, the receipts being \$706,066, and the losses \$527,410.

Pay of Legislative Employees.

The salary of the various employees of the Legislature will be as follows, if the bill as acted on by the Senate is passed: Chief Clerks and Assistant Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, \$10 per day each during the session of the General Assembly, and ten days after adjournment for preparing acts for publication; the Enrolling Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$10 each per day; the Sergeants-at-Arms of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$8 each per day; the Doorkeepers of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$8 each per day; the Janitors of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$6 each per day; the Clock-room Keepers of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$4 each per day; the Pages of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$3 each per day.

A LITERARY GEM.

Ex-Senator Ingalls' Eloquent Tribute to the Perennial Power of the Green Grass.

[Ex-Senator Ingalls in Kansas Magazine.]

Next in importance to the divine profusion of water, light and air, those three physical facts which render existence possible, may be reckoned the universal beneficence of grass. Lying in the sunshine among buttercups and dandelions of May, scarcely higher in intelligence than minute tenants of that mimic wilderness, our earliest recollections are of grass; and when the fitful fever is ended, and the foolish wrangle of the market and the forum is closed, grass heals over the scar which our descent into the bosom of the earth made, and the carpet of the infant becomes the blanket of the dead.

Grass is the forgiveness of nature, her constant benediction. Fields trampled with battle, saturated with blood, torn with the ruts of cannon, grow green again with grass and carnage is forgotten. Streets abandoned by traffic become grass-grown like rural lanes, and are obliterated. Forests decay, harvests perish, flowers vanish, but grass is immortal. Beleguared by the sullen hosts of winter it withdraws into the impregnable fortress of its subterranean vitality and emerges upon the solicitation of spring. Sown by the winds, by wandering birds, propagated by the subtle horticulture of the elements which are its ministers and servants, it softens the rude outlines of the world. It evades the solitudes of deserts, climbs the inaccessible slopes and pinnacles of mountains, modifies the history, character and destiny of nations. Unobtrusive and patient it has immortal vigor and aggression. Banished from the thoroughfare and field it bides its time to return, and when vigilance is relaxed or the dynasty has perished it silently resumes the throne from which it has been expelled, but which it never abdicates. It bears no blazonry of bloom to charm the senses with fragrance or splendor, but its homely hue is more enchanting than the lily or the rose. It yields no fruit in earth or air, yet should its harvest fail for a single year famine would depopulate the world.

C. and O. Securities.

Much mention is now being attracted to the value of Chesapeake and Ohio securities. The future of that property is worthy of thoughtful investigation. It is strongly backed by the Vanderbilts and by Drexel, Morgan & Co., and it is in the hands of strong and able managers headed by M. E. Ingalls, who has a record of creating dividends out of railroad property where the general conditions were not near so favorable as in this case. The road, since it became a Vanderbilt interest, has had extensive betterments, until now, in its physical conditions, it is second to none of the other trunk lines. Large additions have been made in both freight and passenger equipments, over one hundred locomotives being added to it. Fifty miles of double track are now under contract, in addition to a considerable amount already in operation. Mr. Depew, upon his return from the West with the Vanderbilt inspection party who made the trip from Cincinnati to New York via C. and O., said the most wonderful development seen on their trip was on the C. and O., particularly in respect to new coal fields opened at various points, the erection of furnaces and steel plants and the establishment of manufacturing plants, tending to increase traffic. This is one of the properties of the future it is well to keep an eye on.—The Financier, New York.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Real Estate Transfers.

Joseph F. Broderick and wife to James Hicks, three lots in Barbours, Rogers, Wall and Smoot's addition to Chester; consideration, \$400.

SEE notice of A. P. Gooding, trustee of A. Dougherty.

THE C. and O.'s pay car passed west Monday evening.

IN some Ohio counties the apple crop is pronounced an entire failure.

SPRING hats—Nelson's.

BEST mixed paints at Greenwood's.

GEORGE GLESKEL and Lena Ash, an eloping couple from Waterford, Spencer County, Ky., arrived at Jeffersonville, Ind., recently and were married. The couple tramped forty-five miles, and on reaching there had six dollars, five dollars of which went to pay for the license and magistrate's fees. So exhausted was the bride that she could scarcely stand when the ceremony was performed.

KENTUCKY IN 1792.

A hundred years ago, this rich June day, Kentucky left her glowing, girlhood way, And under boughs of fresh-appearing green, Put off the Princess and took on the Queen; And on this ground, unto the world unknown, She reared the splendor of her golden throne: From blood-stained leaves that strewed her forests great She wore and wore her purple robes of state, And from her vale-ways, under mountain brow She brought the laurels that became her crown.

A hundred years ago, in that past noon, When this Queen rosebud burst upon the June, When from the wild, in native splendor drest, I rose the first proud mistress of the West, The mother queen, beyond the mountain chain, Sang greeting to her peerless daughter's reign, Sang greeting to the glory of her child That broke the civil bond and braved the wild; That so through test of sweeping fire and flood Had shown the coursing of her royal blood.

No longer now, the savage made his rounds Among Kentucky's prehistoric mounds, No longer on the bison's lickward track Was heard his whoop and deadly rifle's crack, And o'er Ohio's waters, still and hine, No longer sped his silent war canoe— The unknown laud had wakened from her dream, The night had passed and morning reigned supreme.

At once, as if some potent, unseen hand, Had brought its magic to the new known land, The shadows of her forests lost their gloom And gave the world a wilderness of bloom. Where trails through gap and bowldered canon lay The burthened wheels of commerce wore their way And from the old unto the new abodes Were builded safe, and wide, and open roads, While to the silence of her bounding stream There came the creaking oar and hissing steam. —From H. T. Stanton's Centennial Poem.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

East.	West.
No. 2.....9:30 a. m.	No. 1.....6:30 a. m.
No. 20.....7:40 p. m.	No. 19.....5:40 a. m.
No. 18.....4:45 p. m.	No. 17.....10:30 a. m.
No. 4.....8:00 p. m.	No. 3.....4:25 p. m.
Nos. 19 and 20 are the Maysville accommodation, and Nos. 17 and 18 the Huntington accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 are the fast express and No. 3 and 4 the F. V.	
No. 4 (F. V.) is a solid train with through dining car and Pullman sleepers to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Through Pullman sleeper to Richmond, Va., and Old Point Comfort. No. 2 is a solid train with Pullman sleeper to Washington, making all eastern and south-eastern connections.	
The accommodation trains are daily except Sunday; the rest are daily.	
Direct connection at Cincinnati for points West and South.	
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.	

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.

Southbound.	Northbound.
Leave Maysville at 5:30 a. m. for Paris, Lexington, Cincinnati, Richmond, Stanford, Livingston, Jellico, Middleborough, Cumberland Gap, Frankfort, Louisville and points on N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.	Leave Maysville at 1:55 p. m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.
Arrive at Maysville at 10:00 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.	Arrive at Maysville at 10:00 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.	

WANTED.

\$75 to \$250 can be made monthly working for B. F. JOHNSON & Co., 2900-2-15-8 Main street, Richmond, Va.

LADIES who will do writing for me at their homes will make good wages. Apply with self-addressed stamped envelopes. MISS MILDRED MILLER, South Bend, Ind.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two good Jersey Milk Cows. Apply to H. C. DIETERICH, at Kentucky Nurseries.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two-story frame dwelling with six rooms and basement, East Fourth street. Apply to GEO. WISLUSER, Court street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

NILAND PROPERTY, PLUGTOWN.
TWO HOUSES OF MRS. GREENWOOD, FIRST WARD.
HOME OF N. S. WOOD, FOREST AVENUE.
JANUARY PROPERTY, SECOND STREET, AS A WHOLE OR SEPARATELY.
BROWN PROPERTY, FIFTH STREET, FOURTH WARD.

A. M. CAMPBELL, Real Estate Agent.

A Tonic and A Pleasure:

That's the happy combination found in

Hires' Root Beer

You drink it for pleasure, and get physical benefit. A wholesome, refreshing, appetizing, thirst quenching drink.

One package makes five gallons.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of large profits, tells you some other kind is "just as good." It's false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

NOTICE.

All persons holding claims against A. Dougherty, subject to payment out of trust fund now in my hands, are hereby notified to present the same immediately. A. P. GOODING, Trustee. Mayslick, Ky., June 20, 1892.

Reapers and Mowers.

Joseph H. Dodson, agent for the celebrated Whittely Reapers and Mowers, of Springfield, O., and Repairs of the Champion Machines. Corner Second and Wall, Maysville, Ky.

THERE

ARE ALWAYS

MORE ATTRACTIVE

BARGAINS TO THE SQUARE

INCH AT THE BEE HIVE THAN IN ANY

STORE IN THE WHOLE STATE.

TO-DAY WE OFFER:

250 PATTERNS of Armenian

Serges, forty inches wide, beautiful styles and colors, at 75 cents for a full dress pattern. This bargain has never been equalled in any house.

LARGE LOT of beautiful Chalis, reduced from 8½c. to 5c.

A BIG

Kid Glove Bargain:

Our regular \$1.25 Undressed Kid Glover, all the new color, at 75c. a pair for a little while.

ROSENAU BROS.,

Proprietors Bee Hive.

HOEFELICH'S

Special Bargains:

Brussels Carpet 50c, worth 60 to 85c.

\$5 00 Lace Curtains.....\$3 00
7 50 Lace Curtains..... 5 00

Smyrna Rugs, 60c., worth \$1 00
Smyrna Rugs, 2.50, worth 3 50
Smyrna Rugs, 4.00, worth 6 00

Men's Plique Front Shirts, 75c., worth \$1.25.

Seamless Socks, samples, three pairs for 50c., cheap at 25c. per pair.

PAUL HOEFELICH & BRO.,

211 and 213 Market St.

HILL & CO.,

THE LEADERS.

Fancy Ripe Peaches,
Large Tennessee Tomatoes,
Large, Home-grown Potatoes,
Home-grown Beans,
Young, Tender Peas,
Home-grown Cucumbers,
Tender wax Beans,
New Sweet Potatoes,

Fancy Raspberries and Strawberries.

IF YOU WANT A FINE SUNDAY DINNER CALL AND SEE US.

WATERMELONS ON ICE.

HILL & CO.,

FANCY GROCERS.

A. SORRIES,

Second Street, Near Limestone,

LOCK AND GUNSMITH.

Repairing of all kinds done promptly and on reasonable terms.

THE LAW MAKERS.

Barely a Quorum Present at Frankfort—What Was Done There Yesterday.

In the House yesterday a scant quorum answered the roll-call. Many of the Representatives have gone to Chicago.

The resolution to print and distribute twenty thousand copies of the new election law was reported favorably and given its first reading.

Mr. Park offered a resolution reciting that failure to pass the revenue bill will lose the State \$300,000 in revenue. It provides in view of this that no adjournment be had till the bill is passed.

Dr. Frazee opposed the resolution. He said the House had the bill in their possession five months; he did not know what the Senate would do toward passing the bill, and he objected to being tied up in the manner proposed.

Dr. Woods favored it, and said if the Revenue bill is not passed, none of the members need ever expect endorsement by their constituents.

The vote stood 42 in favor of the resolution and 4 against it.

A quorum not having voted the resolution failed, and the business of the House was blocked.

The messengers waited on absentees in the cloak room, and by bringing them in a call of the House was averted. The resolution was then passed.

The Judicial redistricting report offered by the Conference Committee could not be taken up on account of the slim attendance, and it was left in committee with leave to report any time.

The article on inn-keepers was taken up and passed, and after other small bills had been advanced, the House adjourned.

The Senate met with only sixteen Senators present. The Militia bill was read, but for want of a quorum no further business could be done and that body at once adjourned.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank Mannen went to Covington yesterday.

Miss Katie Blatterman was in Cincinnati Monday.

Mr. J. W. Fitzgerald took in the Lantonia races yesterday.

P. J. Murphy, the jeweler, spent Monday in Cincinnati on business.

Mrs. Ben. Poyntz left yesterday for Nashville, Tenn., to visit relatives.

Miss Katie Ross is visiting the family of Captain Val P. Collins, of Newport.

Miss Alberta Caldwell, of Mayslick, is visiting Miss Elizabeth Jefferson at Lexington.

Mrs. Judge Coons, of Augusta, is the guest of Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson, of West Fourth street.

Dr. Harry S. Wood, of Cincinnati, left yesterday after spending Sunday here with his parents.

Mr. George Schroeder, of the Keith-Schroeder Harness Company, was in Cincinnati yesterday.

Messrs. Shaw and Scott, of Pittsburg, returned home yesterday after a visit to Miss Mammie Scott, of Mayslick.

Captain John Small, of Aberdeen, left Monday for Chicago to help nominate a Democratic candidate for President.

Mr. C. L. Stanton, for many years editor of the BULLETIN, and now one of the best life insurance men in the State, spent Sunday night with his family and left Monday for Cincinnati.

The next meeting of the Kentucky State Teachers' Association will be held at Paducah, June 28, 29 and 30. Extensive preparations have been made by the citizens of that enterprising town, and this is expected to be the best meeting in the history of the association. Important topics are to be discussed and good speakers have been engaged. An exhibit of school work will be extensive, and numerous schools will be represented. Half-fare rates on the railroads have been secured, and low rates for boarding. Ladies will be entertained free. A large attendance from this section is earnestly desired. The work of education is advancing, and progressive teachers are always found at these meetings. Parties who go over the L. and N. Railroad should send membership fee—\$1—at once to the Secretary, R. H. Carothers, Louisville, Ky., and get certificate of membership in order to get half-fare rates.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warder, agt.

Window glass all sizes at Greenwood's.

CALIFORNIA fruit, 15c. can—Calhoun's.

GEO. W. SULSER, law, fire insurance.

CHEAPEST wall paper at Greenwood's.

G. S. JUDS, insurance and collection agency.

A. M. CAMPBELL, real-estate, loans and collections.

LADIES' dress buttons cheap, at Murphy's, the jeweler.

FAYETTE COUNTY added fourteen convicts Saturday to the list at Frankfort.

MR. A. M. CAMPBELL, agent, advertises several nice pieces of real estate for sale in this issue.

MRS. J. F. BARBOUR will entertain this evening from 5 to 8 in honor of Miss Mary Alter Barbour.

AT Covington Mike Ryan has been paid \$10,000 for the loss of a leg while working on the C. and O.

BOYLE COUNTY Democrats have instructed for Hon. James B. McCreary as their choice for Congress.

Work has been commenced on the foundation for Mr. A. R. Glascock's brick residence on West Third street.

THE statement is made that Wagner vestibule sleepers will be substituted for the Pullman sleepers on the C. and O.

DR. HALE'S Household Ointment is effecting more wonderful cures than any remedy in the world. Ask Power & Reynolds about it.

THE grand jury at Vanceburg completed the business before it and was discharged Saturday. Only four indictments were reported.

RIVER excursions have become all the go at Cincinnati, and owners of the steamers have struck a bonanza. It takes several boats every Sunday to handle the crowds.

THE probability is that Hon. Chauncey Depew will succeed Hon. James G. Blaine as Secretary of State, and in that event it is said M. E. Ingalls will become President of the New York Central Railroad Company.

THE reception given by the art students this evening at the Public Library promises to be a very enjoyable event. You can spend a few hours very pleasantly looking at the display of curios and historic portraits and paintings.

UNLESS the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers and the iron manufacturers of Pittsburg and the West settle their differences regarding the new scale of wages a general strike will be declared July 1. Over 100,000 men will be affected.

JOHN COUNTEE and John Nelson, both colored, got into a discussion on Market street last night which wound up with a fight, and they were before Mayor Pearce this morning. Countee was taxed \$6.25 for a breach of the peace, and Nelson \$4.95 for being drunk and disorderly.

A SPECIAL from Ripley says a sad fate befell the seventeen-months-old daughter of Joseph Schatzman, a farmer living three miles northwest of Russellville. A few days ago the little tot was playing in the kitchen when she overturned a kettle of boiling water in some way, and was badly scalded. She suffered intense agony until Sunday morning, when she died.

ON her up trip last week the steamer Scotia landed at Mason City without regard to the quarantine, and on her arrival at Wheeling was promptly ordered not to stop. She sought to land her passengers by transferring them to a ferryboat, but they were compelled to go back to the Scotia by the city authorities. Huntington is also strictly enforcing the quarantine.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE McDOWELL is now engaged with the task of procuring sod and grasses from the historic localities in this State to be transplanted in the Kentucky exhibit at the World's Fair. The Kentucky Commissioners had decided to locate a plot of the famous bluegrass with the State exhibit, and it was suggested by Mr. McDowell that additional interest would be given this feature if the grasses were taken from the ground associated with historic persons and events of national renown.

OWNERS of brood mares should never lose sight of the fact that the stallion whose owner does not think well enough of him to keep him before the public in some form of advertisement, is the one that the public soonest forgets. Many drivers fall into the bad habit when currying a horse or when passing him of tickling him in the flank. By this practice a sensitive or playful animal becomes in time a biting or kicking one. Don't tease him. Owners should admonish their hired help about this and the bad results.—Stock Farm.

PROPERTY of all kinds insured by Duley & Baldwin.

SOME of the Sunday schools of this city contemplate spending a day at the Cincinnati Zoo.

THE friends of Mr. Emile Frey will regret to learn there is no improvement in his condition.

CENTRAL Ohio's wheat crop is fully up to last year's, and the crop of 1891 was extraordinarily good.

WALTER CONNERS, the bank sneak captured at Cynthiana and taken to Easton, Pa., has been convicted.

MR. WALTER BLATTERMAN, traveling auditor of the Standard Oil Company, was in Newport Sunday.

MESSRS. HENDRIXSON & COOK have finished a fancy job of painting for Senator Kenton, of Robertson County.

GREENWOOD'S paint store has the latest in wall paper, the best mixed paints and the lowest prices on everything.

IN the County Court yesterday Blanche Lee Flaughier, a white minor nine years of age, was bound to Maria Flaughier.

WILL TAYLOR, a colored man, started to take a nap on the Kentucky Central track in Clark County, and met the usual fate.

THE estimated number of sheep in Australia in 1892, according to an Australian exchange, is 60,000,000 against 31,000,000 in 1884.

REV. C. S. LUCAS preached at Augusta last night. Several Maysvillians went down, and they pronounce the sermon one of the best they ever heard.

THE many friends of Mr. G. W. Oldham, of the Sunday Call, will be pleased to know that he is able to be at his place of business again after a week's illness.

THE American Cultivator says that Hungarian grass is not only a good hot weather crop, but succeeds on land that in early spring is too wet for cultivation.

MR. W. H. COX was one of the committee who yesterday formally notified President Harrison of his nomination for re-election. Governor McKinley was the orator of the occasion.

MURPHY, the jeweler, has made big reductions on ladies' and gent's gold watches and all other goods in his line. Prices guaranteed lower than any other house. Successor to Hopper & Murphy.

JEFF HUNTER, Henry White and H. T. Shoemaker have been jailed at Winchester for cowardly murdering Charley Anderson, a peaceable colored man. The feeling against the prisoners is very bitter.

DRS. J. T. STRODE and J. H. Samuel have formed a partnership for the practice of medicine, under the firm name of Strode & Samuel, and tender their professional services to the citizens of Maysville and vicinity.

ELEGANT berry dishes, fruit bowls and water sets, in fine electro plate, at Ballenger's, the jeweler. They are warranted to last a life time. Call in and see his stock when you want anything in the jewelry line.

THE BULLETIN reaches the kind of people who buy merchandise, build houses, pay taxes and generally support the substantial interests of a community. No higher quality of circulation can be obtained. Bear this point in mind when you think of advertising anything.

THE First Presbyterian Church will receive a general overhauling at an early day, and will be thoroughly modernized and improved, at a cost of about \$10,000. The interior will be handsomely frescoed and the exterior painted, a new rostrum will be added, the seats upholstered and other changes and improvements made.

"BLONDE hair is finer than that of any other color. By actual count it has been ascertained that four hundred hairs to the square inch grow upon the head of a blonde beauty," says an exchange. "The brown comes next, with 350, then comes the black with 325, and the red with 250 to 260. After counting the hairs growing on an inch square it has been estimated that on the head of a blonde there will be 140,000 hairs, while a brown suit of tresses will have 109,000, black 102,000, and a red 90,000."

COEUR DE LEON COMMANDERY of Paris, was instituted Friday night by Grand Commander Chas. H. Fisk, of Covington, after which the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: Sir G. W. Adair, Eminent Commander; Sir O. H. Buck, Generalissimo; Sir Oscar Rankin, Captain General; Sir J. Ed. Ray, Prelate; Sir Hanson Peterson, Senior Warden; Sir James Hutsell, Junior Warden; Sir Chas. Stevens, Treasurer; Sir A. P. Lary, Recorder; Sir Russell Mann, Standard Bearer; Sir Alfred Ball, Sword Bearer; Sir Wm. M. Miller, Warden; Sir Strother Carrington, Captain of the Guard.

BARCAINS

DRESS GOODS!

CHINA SILKS, - - - - Reduced From 45 to 37½c

CHINA SILKS, - - - - Reduced From 65 to 52½c

BEDFORD CORDS, Newest Styles, Reduced From 12½ to 10c

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS, 36-inch, All Wool Filling, 25c

IMPORTED ALL WOOL CHALLIES, Elegant Styles,

Worth 60 and 65c., - - - - - 50c

BROWNING & CO.,

WEST SECOND STREET.

WORTH'S

Convertible Tandem Safety Bicycle

Is our latest attraction. Made to carry lady and Gentleman or two Gentlemen. Call and see it. Price \$175. Also 1 Princess, \$50; 1 Victor, \$65; 1 Cincinnati, \$85; 1 Little Giant, \$40; 1 Boys', good, \$30.

CLOSING-OUT SALE OF PICTURES AND FRAMES.

Choice line of Wall Papers at 10c. Pay you to see them before you buy. Window Shades all sizes.

KACKLEY & McDOUGLE,

WEST SECOND STREET.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH,

DRUGGIST,

MAYSVILLE, KY.



McCLANAHAN & SHEA,

—Dealers in—

STOVES,

MANTELS, GRATES,

Tinware, Tin-Roofing, Gutting and Spouting

Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.

BIERBOWER & CO.,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TINWARE.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE CELEBRATED JOHN VAN RANGES.

VALUABLE

Flour Mill For Sale.

The real estate of the undersigned, and Mills, Machinery and Milling Fixtures thereon, in the Fifth ward, Maysville, Ky., will be sold on

SATURDAY, the 25th Day of June,

next, on six, twelve and eighteen months' time, the purchaser giving notes bearing interest from date of sale, with security and retaining lien on the property. The sale will be public, on the premises, at 10 o'clock a. m., to the highest bidder, and absolute possession will be given, and title made to the purchaser by deed retaining lien without delay. PEACE BROS. MILLING CO. June 30, 1892.

LIVERY.

SALE AND FEED STABLES

WINTER & SCOTT

Have opened a Livery, Sale and Feed Stable on Wall street, east side, between Front and Second. Horses for sale or hire at all times. Boarding by the Day, Week or Month. Single Feed for 25 cents. Your patronage solicited. Best of attention given all horses left in our care. Special attention to Breaking and Training Horses. Tel

R. B. LOVEL,

—DEALER IN—

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Country Produce of All Kinds,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES.

Northwest Corner Third and Market Streets.

The season for Home-grown STRAWBERRIES is now at hand, and having arrangements, as usual, with the most successful Fruit-growers, both in Lewis County, Ky., and Brown County, Ohio, for their entire crop, I will be able to fill all orders, both small and large, with the very finest fruit produced in the country. Also big stock of MASON FRUIT JARS, bought at extremely low figures, which I intend to sell, as I did last year, at lower prices than anybody. People from the country are invited to make my store headquarters. Goods delivered free. J. J. FITZGERALD, The Sanitary Plumber and Steam and Gas Fitter.

The Jewel.

TRADE WITH CANADA

A Message From the President on the Subject.

STATEMENT MADE TO CONGRESS.

An Insuperable Barrier Exists on the Attainment of the Beneficial Results of Reciprocity with Canada, So Says the President—Great Britain Must Come in with the Dominion.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president yesterday sent to the senate a message in reply to a resolution of that body asking for information relative to the conference recently held between representatives of the United States and those of Canada and the British government as to arrangements for reciprocal trade between Canada and the United States.

The president, in his message, quotes from the report of Secretary Blaine the conclusion of the Canadian commissioners that "it seemed impossible for the Canadian government to extend to American goods a preferential treatment over those of other countries, as Canada was part of the British empire they did not consider it competent for the Dominion government to enter into any commercial arrangements with the United States, from the benefits of which Great Britain and its colonies should be excluded."

On this point the president says that, "This statement places an insuperable barrier on the attainment of the beneficial reciprocal trade which might otherwise be developed between the United States and Canada."

The message then refers to the differences respecting the discrimination of eighteen cents per ton, on wheat carried through to Montreal, and shipped from there to Europe.

By the American railways running from Ogdensburg, and Oswego and other American ports the shippers paid the full twenty cents a ton while in effects those by the way of Montreal pay only two cents. It was understood that the Canadian commissioners would see to the withdrawal of this discrimination.

From the report of Mr. John Foster, who was with Secretary Blaine at the conference of the commissioners, it is shown that the commissioners declare this statement does not conform to their understanding, and that the only assurance they had intended to give was that the complaint of the United States government should be taken into consideration by the Canadian ministry on their return to Ottawa.

Both Mr. Blaine and Mr. Foster understood that the Canadian commissioners would rescind the discriminating canal rates. Instead of such discrimination being rescinded the president says in his message that upon return of the commissioners from Washington on April 4, the Canadian ministry reissued, without any communication with this government, the order continuing the discrimination by which a rebate of eighteen cents a ton is allowed upon grain going to Montreal, but not to American ports, and refusing this rebate even to grain going to Montreal if transhipped at an American port.

The president, in concluding, says the orders as to canal tolls and rebates are in direct violation of the treaty of 1871, and would seem appropriate that if congress, if the view held by the executive is approved, should take such steps as may be necessary to secure the just right of our citizens.

YOUNG MAN DROWNED.

Several Hundred People View the Accident Unable to Render Aid.

MASSILLON, O., June 21.—A fatal accident occurred here yesterday afternoon in the drowning of Josiah Clutz, Jr., son of County Commissioner Clutz. He attempted to pass under the West street bridge in a skiff, and as the water was almost up to the floor of that structure, he lay down in the boat and attempted to pull through by grasping the brace rod beneath the bridge.

In this undertaking he was not successful, as the boat struck the rods. Both oars were wrenched off the boat which capsized and Clutz took the advice of friends by undertaking to swim to shore. He was handicapped in his efforts by a pair of rubber boots which reached to his hips and went down in the presence of several hundred people.

Fighting in Africa.

LONDON, June 21.—Advices have been received here to the effect that a band of 500 dervishes had raided the Italian station near Massowah. A force of Italians, with the assistance of some friendly tribes, repelled the attack, killing many of the dervishes, including the leaders. The dervishes were thus forced to abandon their intention to loot the place. The dispatches also contain the information that Prince Croy, commanding the troops in the Congo State, had recently been engaged in two battles with Lunda slave raiders, in which the latter were defeated with heavy loss. Three hundred slaves, whom they had in their possession, were liberated.

Storm in Spain.

MADRID, June 21.—A violent storm swept over the province of Burgos Sunday. A number of villages in the vineyards districts were destroyed, and the inhabitants are reduced to poverty. The storm raged with unusual fury at Cantabria, where immense damage was done to trees and property.

Came Home and Commit Murder.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 21.—George Fisher, of Ashley, surprised his wife and John Washington at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. After shooting Washington dead Fisher attacked his wife with an ax, fracturing her skull. Fisher was arrested.

Another Brazilian Revolution.

RIO JANEIRO, June 21.—A revolution, local in character, has broken out in the state of Rio Grande do Sul, and Governor Pelotas has been exposed. The Castilhos party, comprising partisans of ex-President Fonseca, have been victorious, and their nominee, Monterio, will probably replace the Pelotas nominee, Tavares, as governor.

An Ouse.

The birds come back to their last year's nest, And the wild rose buds in the lane; And gold in the east, and red in the west, The sun bestirs him again.

The thief bee rifles the jasmine flower, And the breezes softly sigh For the Columbine in my lady's bower, And then at her feet they die.

And all the pomp of the June is here— The earth and passion and song; And young is the summer, and life is dear, And the day is never too long.

Ah! birds come back to their last year's nest, And the wild rose buds in the lane; But I turn to the east and I turn to the west— She never will come again.

—Louise Chandler Moulton in Wide Awake.

About to Sue.

A man who lets out dress suits at two dollars per night threatens to go into court and sue for \$792 for the use of a suit that couldn't have cost more than twenty dollars in the first instance.

This is how it happened. A member of an arctic expedition, encamped just now, or supposed to be, somewhere within gunshot of the north pole, was tendered a reception by some friends on the night before his departure. He secured a pair of patent leather shoes, a clean shirt and a satin necktie from somewhere or other, but the dress suit he hired from the agent referred to.

Next morning the explorer's mother packed the suit in his Saratoga trunk, not knowing that it wasn't his, and he took it up to the north pole with him. It has been used doubtless at the principal blubber feeds and walrus hunts to impress the natives.

But the dress suit loaner wants two dollars a day for every day he has been deprived of the use of the clothes, and by the time the explorer gets back the bill will be \$792, thirteen months being the length of his absence. A deep legal question will doubtless arise, but the agent is firm and says that he means to get his rights.—New York Herald.

A Duel Nipped in the Bud.

A duel between two young men has been nipped in the bud at Buena Vista, Va., by Mayor White. Mr. J. G. Seay sent a challenge to fight a duel to Mr. Edmund Randolph. Young Randolph paid no attention to the challenge and a second challenge was sent by Seay.

Young Randolph referred the correspondence to his friend, Mr. R. E. Williamson, and before any details could be arranged the police arrested Seay, who was carried before the mayor and bailed to appear at the next term of the corporation court. Young Seay is about twenty years of age and was educated at the Virginia Military Institute. Mr. Randolph, who is about twenty-one, is teller in the First National bank.

Both young men are highly connected and respected. The difficulty was caused by a misunderstanding between the young men as to an engagement, Seay claiming that Randolph purposely avoided him and thus treated him disrespectfully. No further trouble is apprehended.—Richmond Dispatch.

Base Ball.

At Chicago—Chicago 4, Cincinnati 7.
At Baltimore—Baltimore 5, New York 9.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 9, Brooklyn 6.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 2, Cleveland 3.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 3, Louisville 9.
At Boston—First game, Boston 9, Washington 3; second game, Boston 5, Washington 4.

THE MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Cattle Markets for June 20.

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—77@82½c.
Corn—40@50½c.
Wool—Unwashed fine merino, 17@18c; ½-blood clothing, 20@21c; braid, 17@18c; medium combing, 21@22c; fleece washed fine merino X and XX, 35@36c; medium clothing, 26@27c.
CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3 55 @4 15; fair to good, \$3 00@3 75; common, \$2 00@2 50.
HOGS—Selected butchers and heavy shipping, \$5 05@5 15; fair to good packing, \$4 90@5 05; common to rough, \$4 90@4 75.
SHEEP—\$3 50@5 25.
LAMBS—\$3 25@7 25.

Cincinnati Tobacco.

	Hhds.
Offerings for the week	2,272
Offerings same week last year	2,765
Receipts for the week	2,211
Receipts same week last year	2,568
The 108 hhds old sold as follows:	
3 hhds at	\$1 40@3 90
18 hhds at	4 00@5 95
64 hhds at	6 00@7 90
7 hhds at	8 00@9 10
1 hhd at	11 00
5 hhds at	12 00@14 00
6 hhds at	15 00@15 75
The 2,169 hhds new sold as follows:	
17 hhds at	\$1 00@3 95
232 hhds at	4 00@5 95
903 hhds at	6 00@7 90
341 hhds at	8 00@9 95
199 hhds at	10 00@11 75
231 hhds at	12 00@14 75
218 hhds at	15 00@16 75
28 hhds at	20 00@22 00
3 hhds at	26 00@28 75

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, \$4 35@4 50; good, \$3 65 @3 95; fair, \$3 55@3 80; bulls, stags and fat cows, \$2 25@3 50; fresh cows, \$18 00@35 00.
HOGS—Best Philadelphias, \$5 20@5 30; best heavy Yorkers and mixed, \$5 10@5 20; fair to good Yorkers, \$5 00@5 10; pigs, \$4 50@4 75; roughs, \$3 00@4 40.
SHEEP—Extra, \$5 30@5 40; good, \$5 00@5 20; fair, \$3 50@4 00; common, \$1 50@3 00; prime yearlings, \$5 50@6 00; fair, \$3 50@4 50.
SPRING LAMBS—\$4 00@6 50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 red winter, 98½c; July, 80½c.
Corn—50½c.
OATS—35½c.
CATTLE—22@24 90.
SHEEP—\$4 00@5 50.
SPRING LAMBS—\$6 00@8 50.

Boston.

Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania XXX 31 @32c, XX and above \$8@90c, X 26½@27c, No. 1 22@23c, No. 2 20@21c, fine unwashed 18@20c, unmerchantable 21@23½c, Ohio combing No. 1 ¼@1½-blood 86@87c, No. 2 ¼-blood 84c, Ohio delaine 82c.

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